# Web Services with Zope and Plone





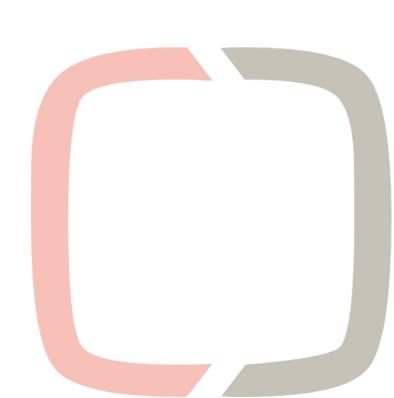


#### PART 1 -- Overview



#### What are Web Services?

- · XML technology
- · SOAP
- · WSDL
- · XML Schema
- · UDDI



#### What is SOA?

- · Service Oriented Architecture
  - Save vision as CORBA and DCOM implemented atop Web Services
  - Service Peer Model where applications are composed of loosely coupled, highly cohesive services based around interface rather than implementation.

# How is this different from XML-RPC?

- Self describing\*
- · Deals well with complex data
- · Extensible messaging protocol
  - · via Headers and Actors
  - Web Services and SOA

\* XSD is complex, using only a subset of it helps create interoperable data.

#### What are Web Services and SOA?

- · Service Oriented Architecture
- Self Contained
- Self Describing
- Decoupled Services
- · Location Independent

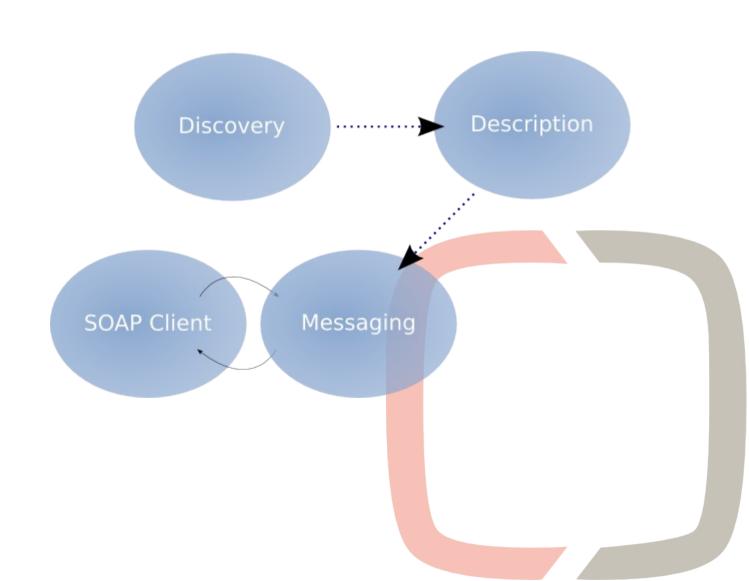
## XML Technology

- · XPath
- · XML Schema Definitions (XSD)
- $\cdot XSLT$
- · XQuery



# Web Services Standards (Generation 1)

- · UDDI
- · SOAP
- · WSDL



# Web Service Standards (Generation 2)

- Messaging Specifications
  - · SOAP
  - · SOAP + Attachments
  - · WS-Addressing
  - · WS-Transfer
- · Description/Discovery
  - · WSDL
  - · WS-Policy
  - · UDDI
  - · WS-ResourceProperties

# Web Service Standards (Generation 2 -- continued)

- · QoS
- · WS-ReliableMessaging
- · Ws-ResourceLifetime
- · Transactions
  - · WS-AtomicTransactions
  - · WS-BusinessActivity
  - · WS-Coordination
- Security
  - · WS-Security
  - · WS-Federation
  - · WS-Trust
  - · SAML

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# Web Service Standards (Generation 2 -- continued)

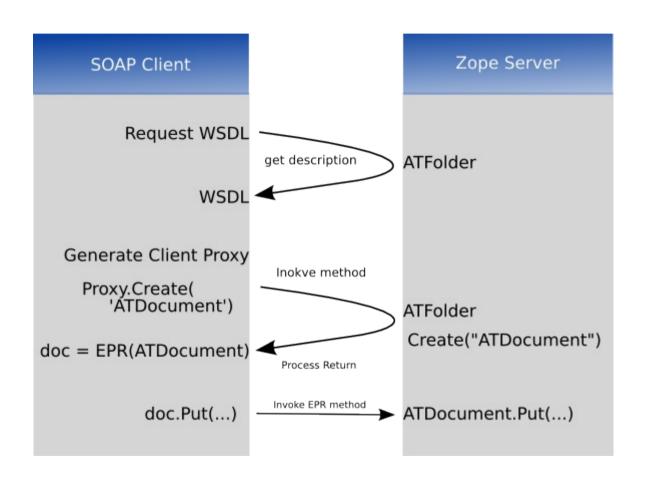
- Composition
  - · BPEL4WS
  - · WS-Notification
  - · WS-Manageability
  - · WS-DistributedManagement

And a few others. There are competing standards in many of these slots as well.

# Making Sense of it all

- · WS-I Basic Profile
  - · Defines a subset of these standards that should be interoperable
  - · Clarifies ambiguity in specifications
  - Limits some of the flexibility of these many specifications to form a core offering that can be reasonably implemented on different platforms.
  - · Its really the best we can hope to do right now.

## PART 2 – Technology



#### Messaging Styles

- · RPC (SOAP encoding)
  - · "Improved XML-RPC mode"
  - · Encode Arguments/Response
- Document (document/literal)
  - · "When you already have XML or don't have anything"
  - Send Document
  - · Part of WS-I Basic Profile

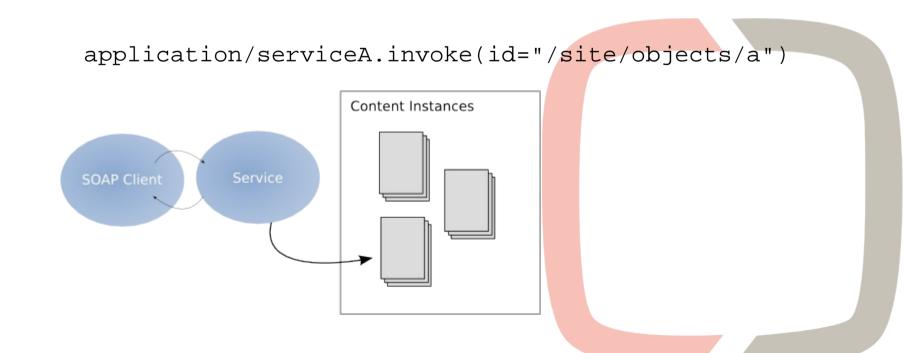
## Publishing Models

- · Service Publishing
- Object Oriented

Two slightly different ideas about Web Services. The model choice here has real implications in the flexibility and options you have moving forward.

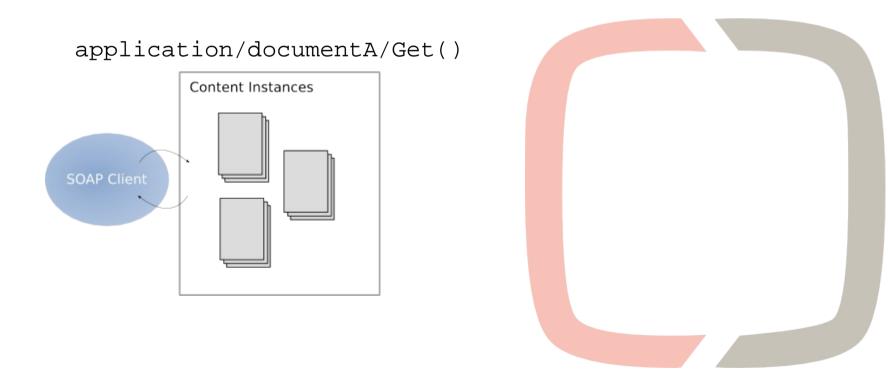
## Service Oriented Publishing

- A service that deals through qualification with many different objects on their behalf. This model is quite common.
- · The service exports the interface



# Object Oriented Publishing

- Each system object is exposed with its own services and interfaces exposed on it. This is Zope's common model for publishing.
- · The object exposes its interface



## **Implications**

- Discoverablity
- · Instance level uniqueness

In reality you need a bit of both and you need query services with WS-Addressing End Point References

## WS-Addressing and EPR

- Basis of most modern WS Standards
- · WS-A defines how to target and deliver messages between services
- · Implies a basic resource model and lifecycle
- Defines End Point References (EPR)
  - pointers back to other objects with enough embedded information that they should be invokable
  - · Middleware can convert an EPR into a full object proxy

#### PART 3 Mechanics

```
security.declareProtected(CMFCorePermissions.View, 'Get')
@wsdl(None, typecode)
def Get(self):
    """return self via SOAP"""
    return self
```

#### @WSDL

```
@wsdl(expects, returns)
```

Python2.4 decorator (callable in Python2.3 directly)

Annotates the method with typecode\* information used in type marshaling and SOAP publishing

Archetypes objects can automatically provide their own typecodes.

```
@wsdl(None, typecode)
def Get(self):
    "Publish 'self' to SOAP"
    return self
```

\* see ZSI.TC.\* for more information on typecodes

#### auto\_wsdl

```
auto_wsdl(method, expects, returns, **kwargs)
```

Not a descriptor.

Publish a method into the WSDL with less domain knowledge about typecodes.

Convenient access to schema fields using just their id.

## Client Examples

ZSI

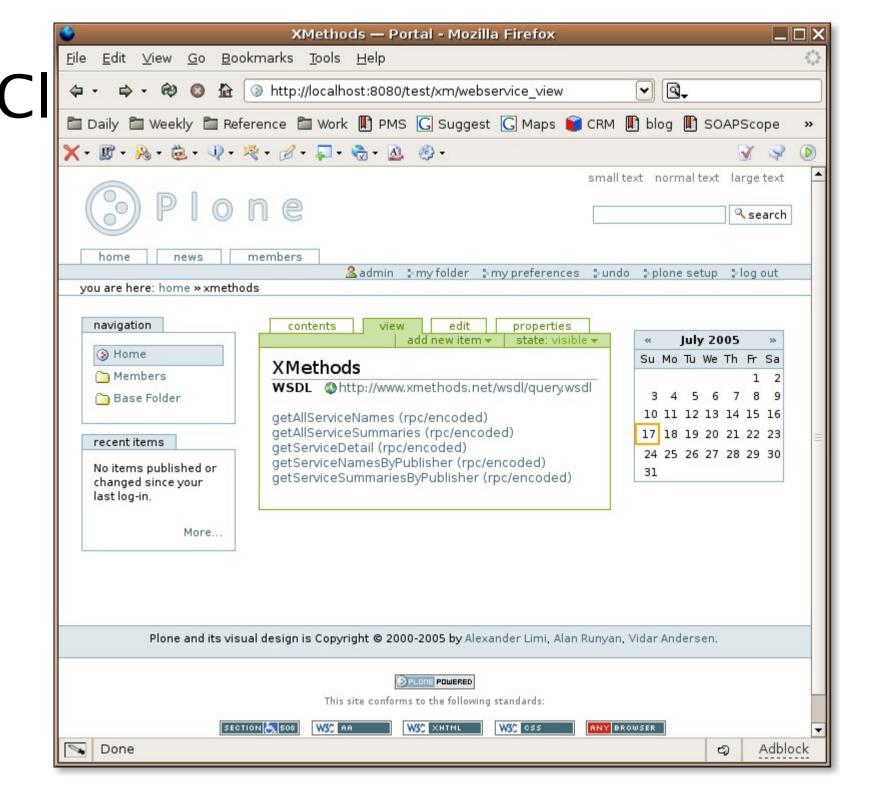
```
from SOAPpy import *

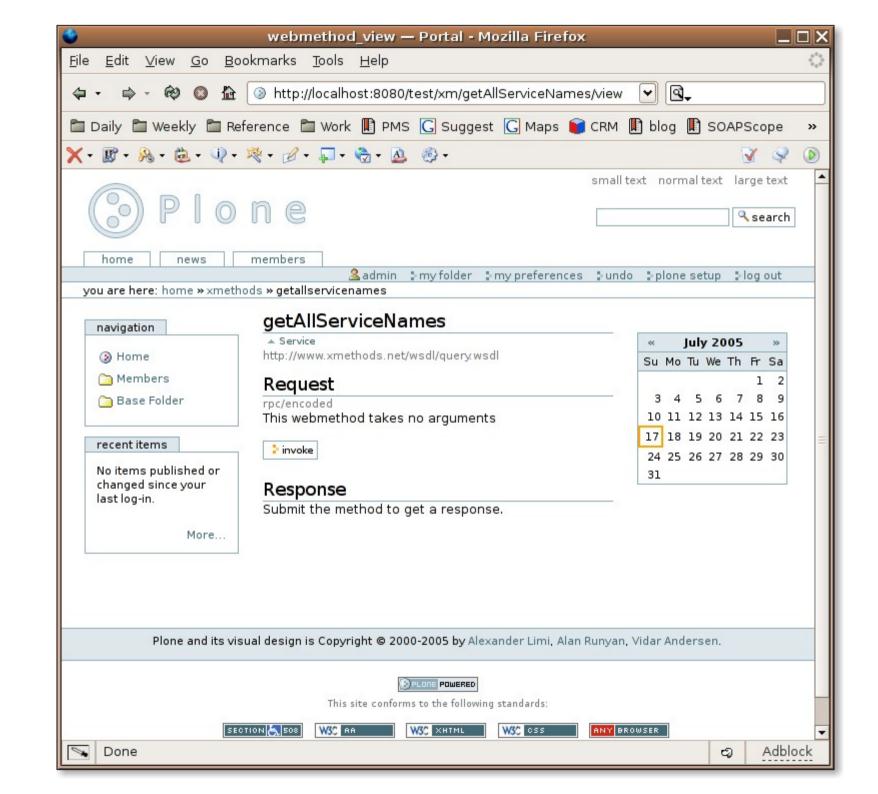
url = "http://localhost:8080/test/atd/WSDL"
proxy = WSDL.Proxy(url)
doc = proxy.Get()
print doc['title'], "from SOAPpy"
```

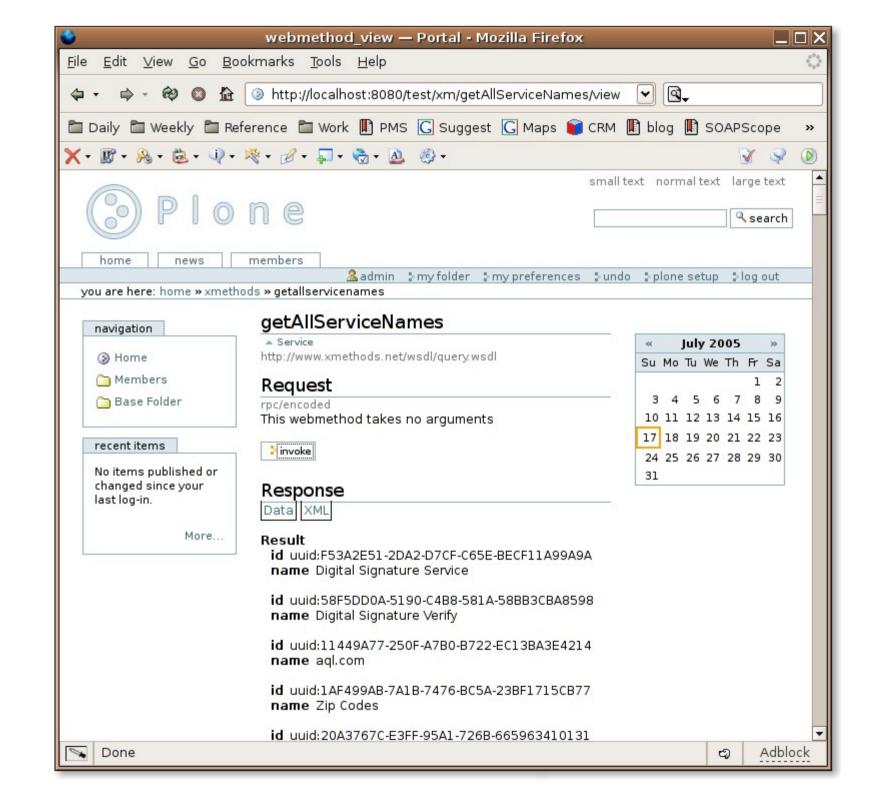
\$ wget http://server/plone/document/WSDL

## Client Examples (continued)

```
$ wsdl http://server/test/doc/WSDL
                                              MONO/NFT
using System;
class ATDocumentClient {
       public static void Main(String [] args) {
       ATDocumentService s = new ATDocumentService();
        s.Credentials = new System.Net.NetworkCredential(
                  "username", "password");
        // Get its state
       ATDocument doc = s.Get();
        Console.WriteLine("Got " + doc.title + " from "
                          + doc.url + " using Mono.");
        doc.title = doc.title + " updated";
        s.Put(doc);
```







#### What Makes a good WS?

- Expose and manipulate Domain Objects along transactional boundries
  - Domain level scoping
  - Transactional semantics that maintain Domain integrity
- Idempotent methods and tools (utilities)

## Part 4 Limitations and Options

- Currently limited by the availablity of Python SOAP tools.
  - · No proper request/response cycle
  - · Inablity to layer messaging standards around current impls.
- Limited support in Archetypes
  - · Schemata should map to XML namespaces
- Requires Horizontal domain knowledge to use.
  - · have to understand
    - · ZSI (Typecodes)
    - · A bit of SOAP

#### **Future**

- · A new SOAP library.
  - · Useful in Python, Zope2/3 and Plone
  - · Usable request/response cycle
  - DOM based for specification layering
- · Schemata should specify namespace
- · Reduce domain knowledge needed to produce and consume these services